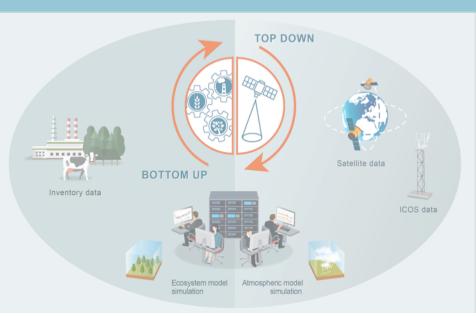


VERIFY General Assembly What did we learned from VERIFY?

Philippe Peylin for all VERIFY partners

May 9th -11th, 2022









What did we learn in VERIFY?



VERIFY 1st
CHE CoCO2 GST

Secretaria del regional della

2nd GST

2016 2018

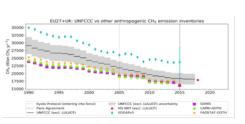
2022

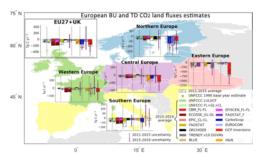


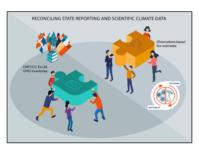
What did we learn in VERIFY?

Several key contributions (Monitoring & Verification Support capacity)











VERIFY

CHE CoCO2

1st

GST

2016 2018 VERIFY GA - \ 2023 2022

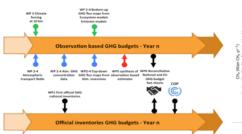
2nd

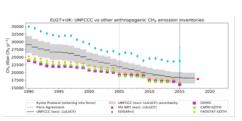
GST

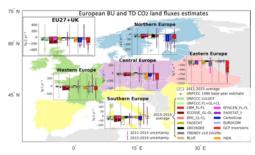


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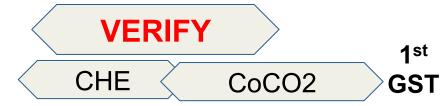


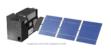


But still a lot of work to be done!

- Fossil CO2 emissions still at their infancy!
- Large differences between Inversions / Bottom-up models to be resolved
- Sectoral flux estimates remains a challenge!







GST

2016

2018

VFRIFY GA - V

2023

2022

2025



2016: Aeroport CDG







2016: Aeroport CDG





2018: Kick off (Bruxelles)



We do not speak the same language



2016: Aeroport CDG





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We do not speak the same language

2019: First Network meeting



Obs-based method are not usefull!



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Maybe one can use obs-based data!



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2022: Final meeting

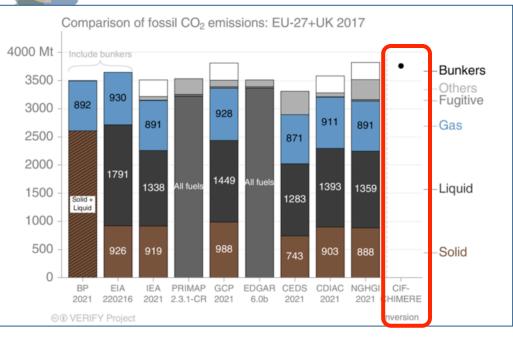




We now trust that we can work together!



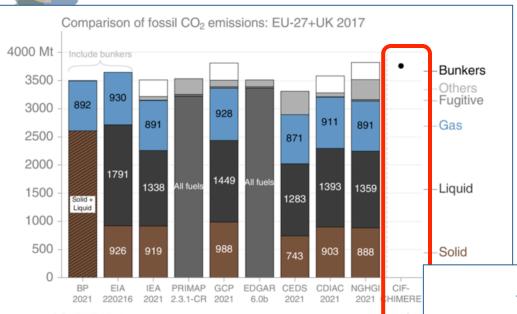
Estimating fossil CO2 fluxes : Still a great challenge !



- Relatively good agreement hide the fact that the inversion stayed relatively closed to the prior!
- Satellite observations (CO2M) will provide better constraints but varying NO2/CO2 and CO/CO2 ratio is critical

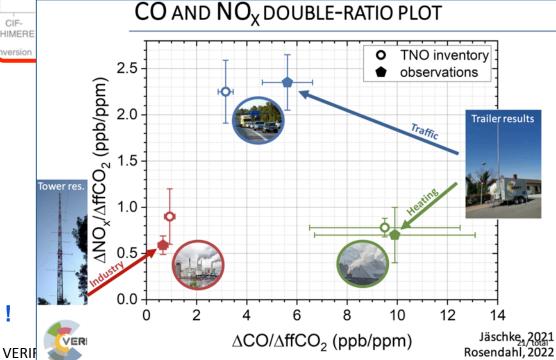


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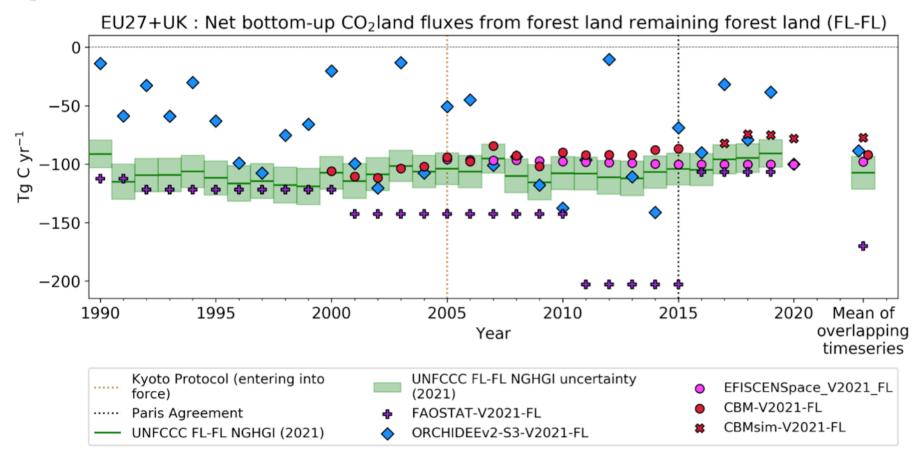
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- Satellite observations (CO2M) will provide better constraints but varying NO2/CO2 and CO/CO2 ratio is critical

- Measured Ratio during 2020 campaign in Rhine valley
 ⇒ provide critical information
- Relatively good agreement with TNO ratio!
- But small difference are critical!





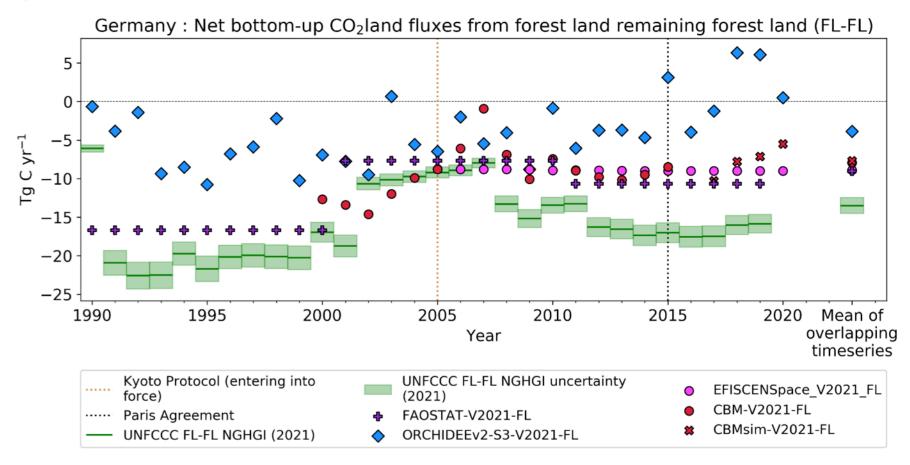
CO2 land: Ecosystem models (ex. Forest)



- Potential effect of forest area differences (CBM vs EFISCEN)
- ➤ Comparison over Romania CBM vs EFISCEN:10% diff (Blujdea et al. 2021)
- ORCHIDEE has a much larger yearly variability!



CO2 land: Ecosystem models (ex. Forest)



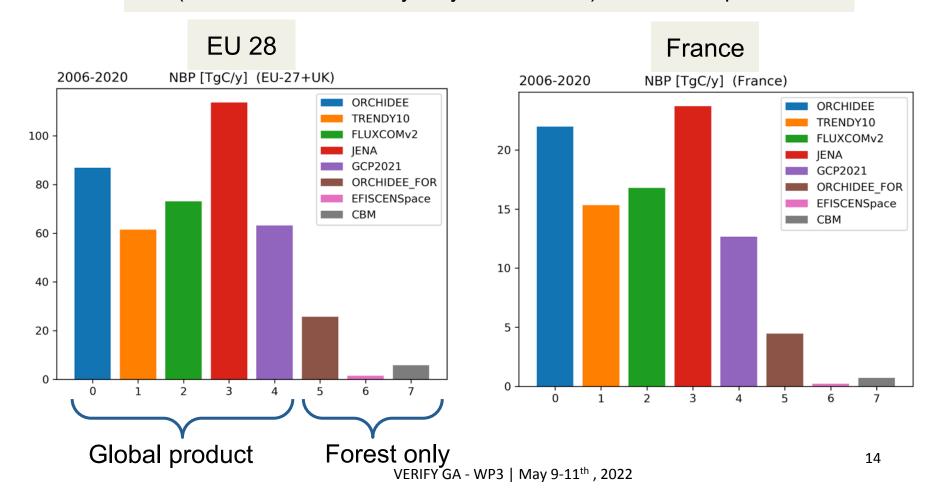
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CO2 land: Example of forest ecosystem models

> Is the large yearly variability of ORCHIDEE robust?

IAV (standard deviation of yearly mean fluxes) for different products!



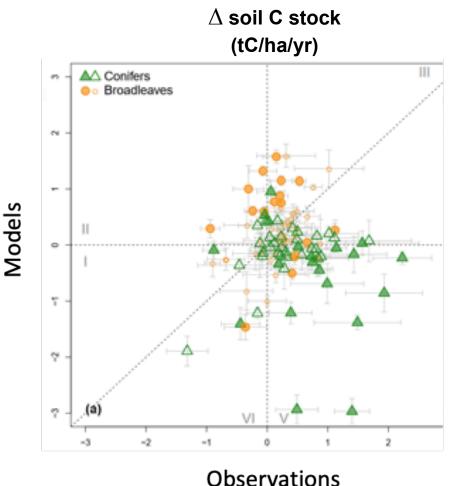


CO2 land: For all ecosystems....

➤ Soil C dynamic is still poorly modeled!

 \Rightarrow Current models do not represent well the observed Δ **soil C stock** (Mao et al., 2019; YASSO model)

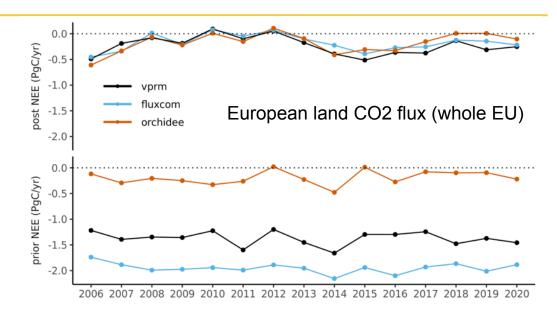
⇒ Need to use these data to calibrate current models!





Atmospheric inversions: CO2 land

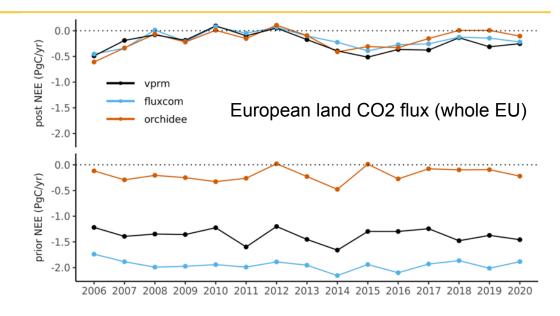
- Very promising results with CarboScopeRegional system
- Robust NEE against different prior fluxes



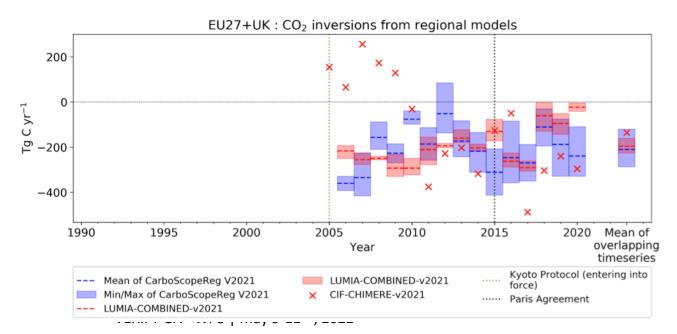


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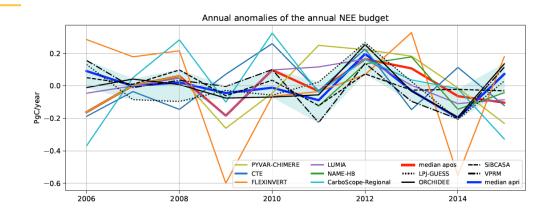
Comparison with others models (CIF-CHIMERE, LUMIA) show large year to year differences!





Regional atmospheric inversions

EUROCOM: 1st Regional inversion inter-comparison (Monteil et al., 2020)





Regional atmospheric inversions

1990

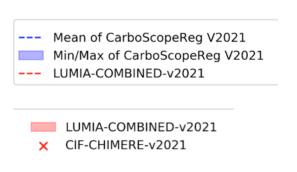
VERIFY

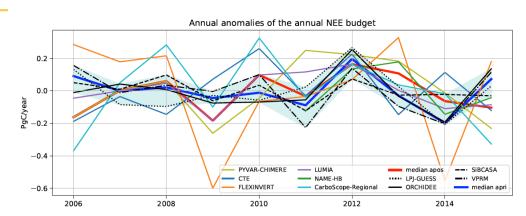
1995

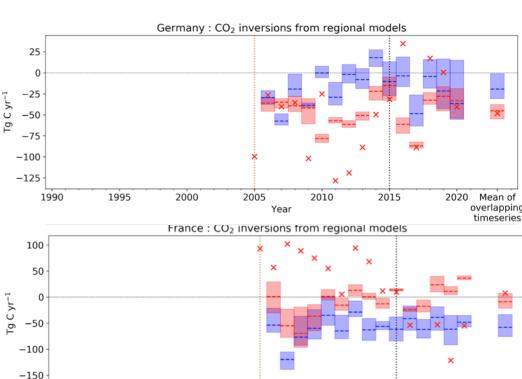
2000

EUROCOM: 1st Regional inversion inter-comparison (Monteil et al., 2020)

VERIFY : 2nd Regional inversion inter-comparison ⇒ But still preliminary !







2005

Year

2010

2015

2020

Mean of overlappi

timeserie



Atmospheric inversions : Community framework

Available models and features:

- CHIMERE, LDMZ, TM5, FLEXPART (NILU and Empa), WRF-Chem, ICON-ART soon: STILT, DYNAMICO
- Elaborated observations: satellites (OMI, TROPOMI, GOSAT, MOPITT, OCO2), isotopes, AirCore
- Interface to classical datastreams: EDGAR, TNO, CAMS, ObsPack, etc.
- High flexibility in defining control vectors
- Several inversion approaches: 4d-var, EnKF, analytical
- Integrated pre-processors: regridding, interpolations, etc.
- Extensive documentation and tutorials: community-inversion.eu
- Continuous development and testing on GitLab (see tutorials)

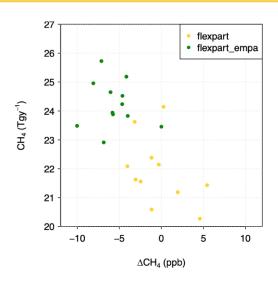
Legacy and future projects:

- Leverage work for future inter-comparisons
- Propagation to operational applications
- Implementation of multi-species inversions, FFDAS, CCDAS, etc.
- Nested model coupling (e.g., FLEXPART-LMDZ) for multi-scale inversions



Do we need one inverse system per country?

Large dependence of regional inversions to BACKGROUND!



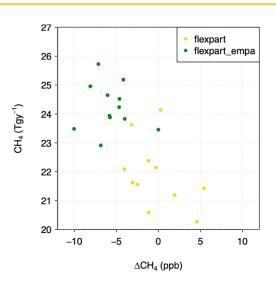
Regional CH4 inversion

The 2 FLEXPART inversions provided background mixing ratios – found negative correlation between bias in background and total emissions



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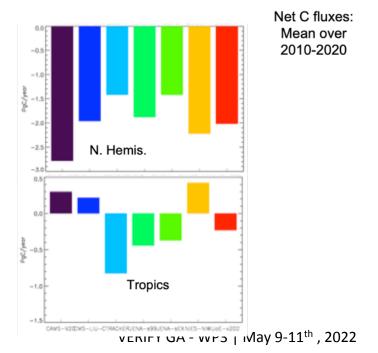
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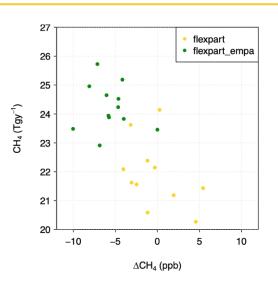
Global inversion used for CO2 still differ at very broad scale!





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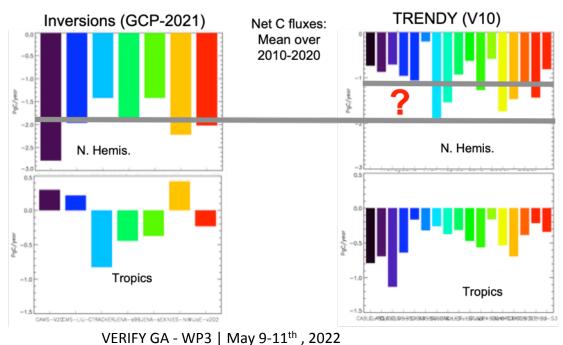
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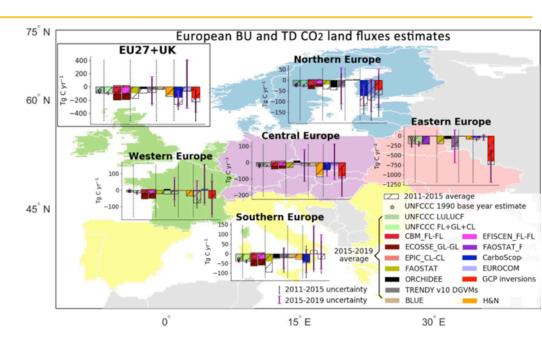


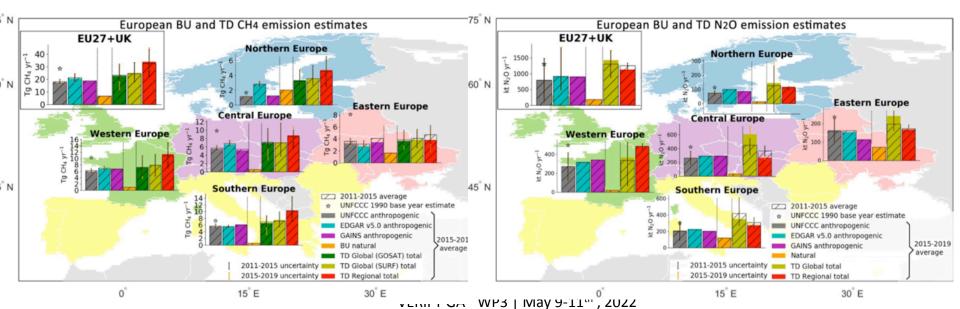
23



New EU / Country-based GHG flux synthesis!

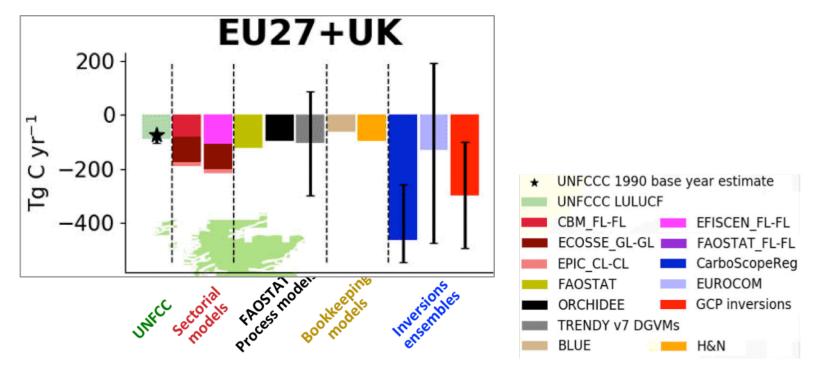
- CO2land, CH4 and N2O flux synthesis for each country!
- Updated each year!
- ⇒ Enlarged to 230 countries (using global products)







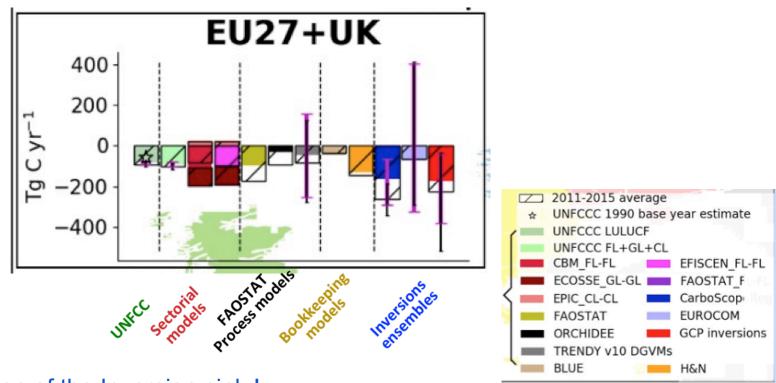
CO2 land flux synthesis - next steps



Inversions tend to show a larger sink!



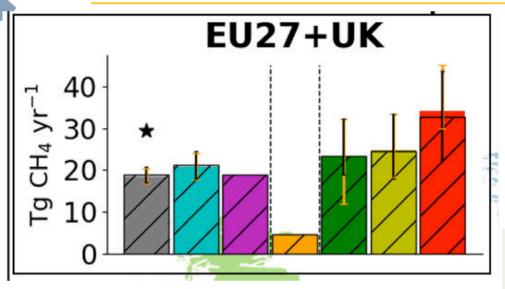
CO2 land flux synthesis - next steps

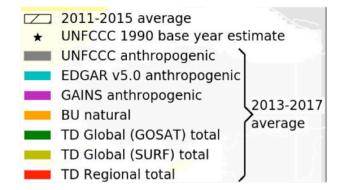


- Reduction of the Inversion sink!
- Need to account for lateral transfers of C (and to account for rivers / lakes CO2 outgasing)
- Comparison with UNFCCC still suffer from what is considered Natural vs Anthropogenic (mainly for non EU countries)

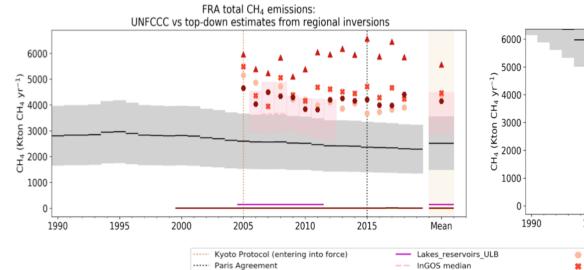
VERIFY

CH4 flux synthesis - total fluxes





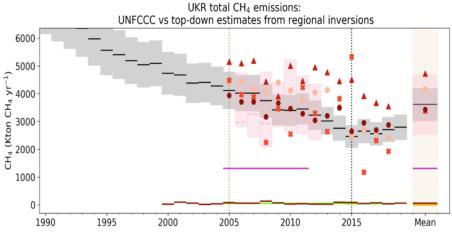
- Larger Reg. Inver. flux
- But country specific



UNFCCC

Peatland_FMI

UNFCCC uncertainty



27

CTE_FMI

TM5 JRC

FLEXINVERT NILU

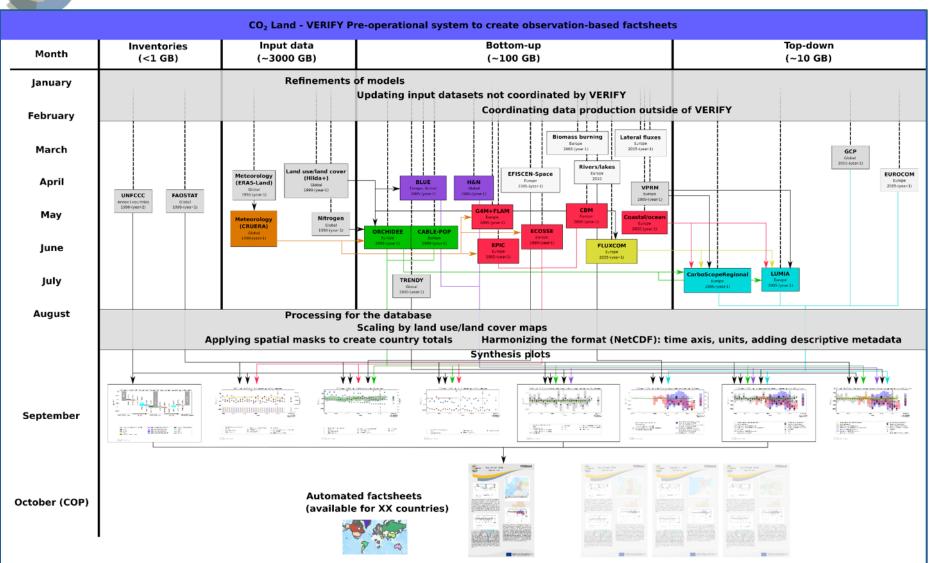
InGOS min-max

Biomass burning, GFEDv4.1

FLEXPART(FLExKF-TM5-4DVAR)_EMPA



A pre-operational GHG MVS has been built!





- Differences exist for each GHG
 - CH4 and N2O not yet "Yr 1" as atmospheric data are lagging behind
 - GCP effort to bridge the gap...



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- Possible next steps to improve the overall system
 - How to valorise different ecosystem model (CO2 and CH4_wetland)



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 (from Inventory Agencies as prior information in the inversions)

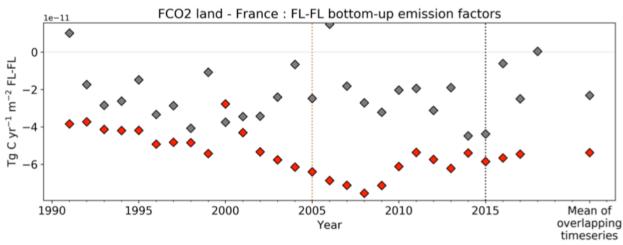


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 - Use more country-specific prior fluxes
 (from Inventory Agencies as prior information in the inversions)
 - Derive emission factors (EF) from flux estimates and or at least EF spatial and temporal variability

LULUCF emission factors from:

UNFCC emission / Forest - Forest



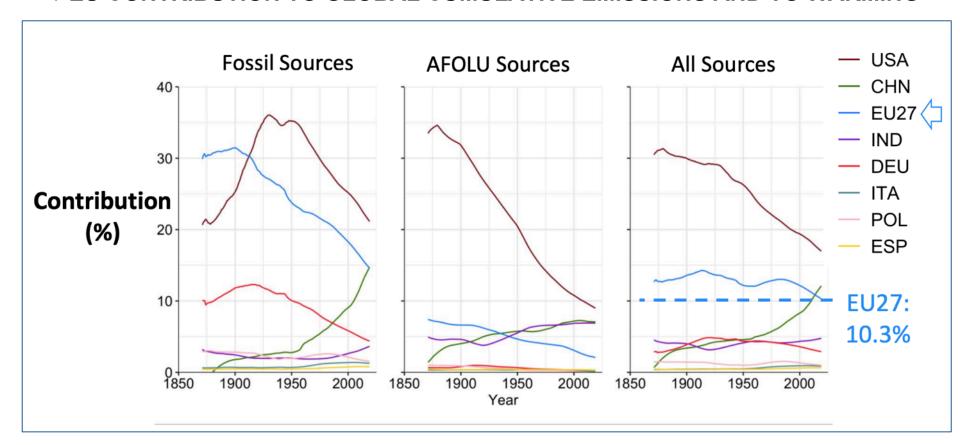




WP7: Links to other international programs

⇒ Several contribution to GCB / COP / SBSTA / WMO /

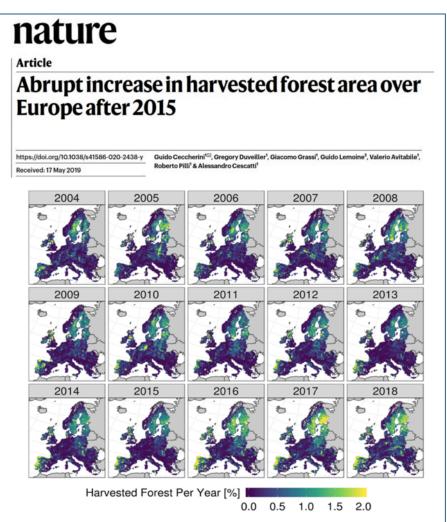
⇒ EU CONTRIBUTION TO GLOBAL CUMULATIVE EMISSIONS AND TO WARMING





Debates and Controversies were present...

⇒ Nice and fruitful debate about "Trends" in EU harvested forest!



Three main counter -arguments:

- The Global Forest Change (GFC) product used in the study is not consistent over time, including after 2015. The paper did not follow GFC documentation.
- Natural disturbances have not been properly factored out.
- The harvested trend is not in line with country statistics





After VERIFY....

VERIFY + CHE + CoCO2



EYE - CLIMA

AVENGERS

New "Science phase" with different approaches/tools to be developed!



After VERIFY....

VERIFY + CHE + CoCO2



EYE - CLIMA

AVENGERS

New "Science phase" with different approaches/tools to be developed!









We need a common vision / Shared tools / Agreed estimates



FINAL STEPS FOR 2022 - V2022 SYNTHESIS

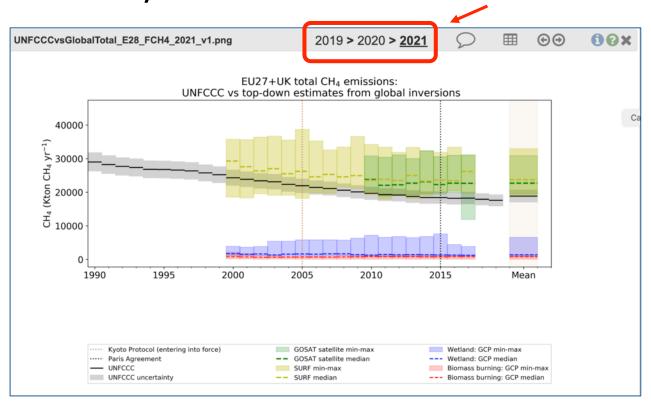
⇒ LAST STEPS for the V2022 synthesis with CoCO2

- 1. Preparation of Input data
 - ERA5-land meteo data with bias correction (On-going)
 - O HILDA+ land Cover: Would need an update up to 2021?
- 2. VERIFY will launch the protocol for LSM simulations
 - Suite of VERIFY model (ORC, ECOSSE, EPIC,...)
 - TRENDY models (several groups agreed)
- 3. VERIFY will finalize the CIF intercomparison (CO2, CH4, N2O)
- 4. VERIFY will provide the facilities for data processing
 - Data formatting and country-scale aggregation
 - Data access and visualisation (synthesis plots for > 200 countries)



SYNERGIES WITH CoCO2...

Update the system to hold new V2022 version

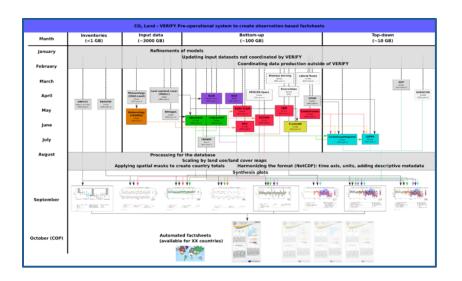




TRANSITION OF THE **VERIFY** SYSTEM TO FUTURE OPERATIONAL SYSTEMS

- Dual strategy :
 - o ICOS CP will take up some elements
 - CoCO2 / Copernicus will make use of the method

LSCE - system (data infrastructure)



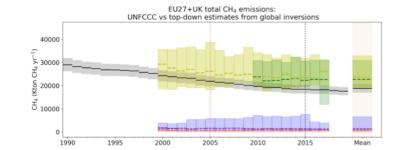
ICOS:

→ Key products of the database





Copernicus: Methodologie





LEGACY OF VERIFY DATA INFRASTRUCTURE

⇒ Data Infrastructure will be maintained at least during CoCO2

- Progressive transfer to ICOS CP of:
 - key data-sets produced within VERIFY (with DOI)
 - o "Synthesis plots" / factsheets & tools to access them !
 - Possibly time series / mapping facilities

Copernicus (C3S) will use

- Part of the methodology defined for synthesis plots
- But extend to the globe with specific focus on Satellite data

Remaining question

 How to keep the GHG yearly synthesis after CoCO2 (in the context of new NRT flux estimates)?



FINAL STEPS....

- DONT FORGET the last deliverables!
 - End of May should be the target!
- ARTICLES / SYNTHESIS linked to the whole project
 - Revision of ESSD synthesis paper!
 - O Potential policy maker oriented article
 - Summary paper on what we learned / improved in VERIFY
- Many ongoing Task related papers



THANKS TO EVERYONE!!



And many more !!!



Project / Consortium initiation:





Project / Consortium initiation:

Submission of the proposal







Project / Consortium initiation:

Submission of the proposal

Dedicated work on synthesis











Project / Consortium initiation:

Submission of the proposal

Dedicated work on synthesis

All WP leaders..





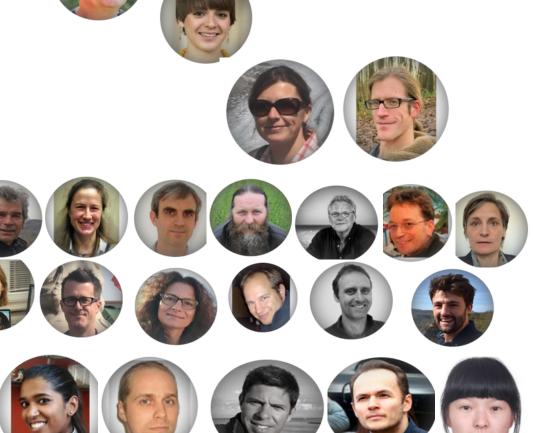
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All coordination team hard workers





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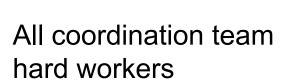
Dedicated work on synthesis







All WP leaders..











HENN



Three meetings in September:

(13-15 Sep, Utrecht, NLD)

ICOS Science Conference 2022

(16+17 Sep, Wageningen, NLD)

TransCom 2022 workshop

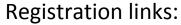
(19-21 Sep, Wageningen, NLD)

WMO/IAEA Meeting on Carbon

Dioxide, Other Greenhouse Gases, and Related Measurement Techniques (GGMT-2022)







https://fd21.formdesk.com/

universiteitutrecht-beta/ggmt-2022

More information:

https://www.ggmt2022.online

